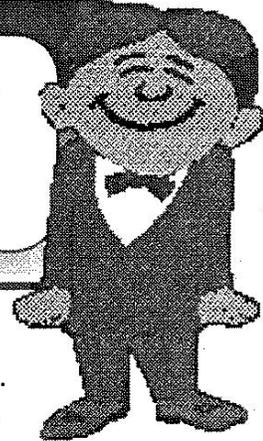


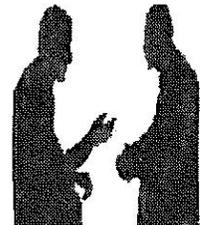
# Ein Wochenende ohne Eltern



## Activity Description

Your parents have decided to visit relatives *für das Wochenende*. They will leave Friday night and return Sunday afternoon. The only reason you care about this is that you will be left all alone with the house to yourself! Imagine all the possibilities! Let the negotiations begin!

You will have a conversation with one of your parents – in this case, your *Deutschlehrerin*. You must ask the parent for permission to do several activities (be convincing; this is probably the only time in your life you'll get points by whining!). First, talk about some things that you, or you and your friends, want to do; there are various ways to do this in German, such as *Ich möchte ins Kino gehen* or using other modal verbs. Also ask if you can have permission to do some things (using the correct form of the German verb *dürfen*; you cannot use the verb *können* here since this means simply being capable of). Remember that in German, you can make suggestions by using a modal plus an infinitive (conjugate the modal verb and put it in the second position in the sentence; the verb carrying the meaning is placed at the end of the sentence in the infinitive form – *Darf ich bitte ins Kino gehen?*). You must also make statements in the negative, and use verbs in the past tense, what you were able to do before. *Letztes Wochenende bin ich ins Kino gegangen.*



	Ausgezeichnet	Es geht	Braucht hilfe
Expressing desires	Student expresses desires correctly using 2 sentences saying what they want to do and 2 sentences stating what they don't want to do. 4	Student expresses some desires and some negative sentences. 3 2	Student forgets either some desires or some negative statements. 1 0
Use of dürfen	Student uses <i>dürfen</i> in at least 2 sentences correctly. 2	Student uses <i>dürfen</i> in at least 1 sentences correctly. 1	Student does not use <i>dürfen</i> . 0
Use of past tense	Student gives 2 additional sentences correctly in past tense. 2	Student gives 1 additional sentences correctly in past tense. 1	Student does not use past tense. 0
Presentation and Communication	Presentation is clear and well-prepared; German is correct with minor errors 10 9	Presentation is somewhat clear and prepared; German has several errors 8 7 6	Presentation is not clear or well-prepared; many times the German is unclear. 5 4 3 2 1
Memorization	Note card is minimally used. No sentences on card. Student is able to improvise when needed 5	Note card is often used and relied on. Some sentences on note card. 4 3	All lines are simply read from notes; student is not able to improvise. 2 1 0

